

High visual impact leather produced with a pearlised metallic smooth finish. (Hide size av. 4.5sqm, thickness ca. 1.1mm)

Applications	Suitable for residential, contract.
Natural Leather	Leather is a natural product and the uniqueness of each hide is identified on occasion by growth marks, scars, variations in grain and other natural characteristics which add to the beauty of real leather and should not be regarded as a defect. Due to the natural properties of leather, colour and texture variations between batches may occur.
Care Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Wipe away stains with a soft damp cloth as soon as they occur. ✓ In depth clean with mild lukewarm soapy water taking care not to soak the leather (soap flakes should be used), this prevents dirt build up. ✓ Dust with a soft cloth and Vacuum frequently. ✓ Futura cleaners and conditioners are available to help maintain this type of leather.
Precautions Protect from / Avoid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ Sources of excessive heat, i.e. fires or close to radiators ✗ Direct sunlight particularly on aniline and semi aniline types ✗ Furniture polishes and waxes ✗ Household detergents and solvents
Characteristics and Test Methods	Manufactured under the ISO9001:2008 quality system and to comply with British / European standards for upholstery leather and the furnishings fire safety regulations 1988.

Characteristic	Method	Recommended Values
Fastness to Rubbing 500 dry	EN ISO 11640 EN ISO 11641	min 4 grey scale
Fastness to Rubbing 80 wet		min 4 grey scale
Fastness to Rubbing 80 alkaline ph8		min 4 grey scale
Flexing Endurance	EN ISO 5402	30,000
Tear Strength	EN ISO 3377-1	≥ 20 N
Surface Adhesion	EN ISO 11644	3.5N/10mm (min)
Colour Fastness to Light	EN ISO 105-B02	Min 5 blue scale
Fire Resistance - Domestic	BS5852:part 1 ign. source 0 cigarette	Pass
Fire Resistance - Domestic	BS5852:part 1 ign. source 1 match	Pass
FR – Contract (specify requirement on order)	BS5852 Crib/Source 5	Pass (after treatment)

All our leathers comply with strict regulations and EU directives covering the use and presence of PCP, CFC, ChromoVI, Dimethylfumarate (DMF) and Azo dyestuffs during the tanning process.